THE NAR/U.S. SETTLEMENT

And how it affects
NAR Associated MLS
NEXSEN PRUET, LLC

©Nexsen Pruet, LLC 2008

The Cardinal Principle

- Treat VOWs the same way
- If a brick and mortar broker or agent can do something, then a VOW broker or agent can do it
- If a rule is not enforced when broken by a member face to face with a consumer, then it should not be enforced when done via VOW
- Remember this principle throughout

History-Barriers to Competition

- Government believed savvy internet consumers would use less agent time
- Agents provide internet services at lower commission
- Statements by NAR members and studies by economists seemed to support



Background

- NAR proposed a VOW policy
- Government believed too restrictive, disadvantaged "internet only" brokers and agents
- Negotiations failed



Lawsuit



- Filed 2005
- Vigorous litigation
- Lots of costs, set for trial July 2008
- On eve of trial, settlement
- Settlement contains a proposed VOW policy that government believes gives equal treatment

What is a VOW?

- A virtual agent's office
- Allows consumer to search listing information and customize list of possible properties to view/buy
- Idea is consumer gets a narrowed list of what she wants with less agent time





What Must a NAR MLS Do?

- Repeal old ILD/VOW policy within ninety days of settlement
- QUERY: Any changes needed in—
 - Rules on Display
 - Rules on Limitation on Use
 - Rules on IDX—to comply
- Adopt new VOW policy attached to consent decree within ninety days

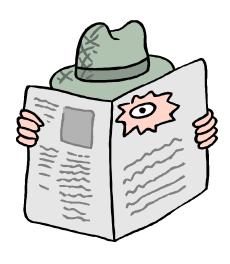
Prohibitions



CMLS rules cannot

- Prohibit a broker from operating a VOW
- Prohibit a broker from providing listing information to customers over VOW that broker could provide by other means of delivery
- Prohibit/restrict/set \$\$ for referral of customers obtained through a VOW
- Impose any additional fees for a VOW except "reasonably estimated actual costs" associated with VOW feed

NAR as NARC



- Settlement changes relationship between NAR and member owned MLS
- NAR must report certain conduct to U.S. DOJ
- Must take greater care in communication with NAR, although for now NAR says informal communications and advice letters not covered, settlement seems very broad

- MLS can require certain items in terms of use such as acknowledging MLS ownership of data, copyright, noncommercial use
- May be able to put consent to jurisdiction and injunction in as well



- Participants contact information must be prominently displayed on VOW
- Participant must be willing to answer consumer contact/questions
- Must make VOW readily accessible to MLS for monitoring and enforcement



- Participants can co-brand
- Participants can refer to other service providers
- Participants can operate more than one VOW (no feed restrictions)
- Participants can allow an Affiliated VOW Partner (AVP) to operate site



- Policy contemplates that operator can provide automated valuation plug ins at site
- Policy contemplates blogs and comments by those viewing homes (user provided comment)
- VOW must have reasonable protections against "data scraping" other intrusions on MLS data



The New VOW Policy-Consumers

- Consumer must register
- Consumer must have a valid consumerbroker relationship under applicable state law
- Registration must include name and email



The New VOW Policy-Consumers

- Consumer must acknowledge contract with broker
- Consumer must acknowledge bona fide interest in buying real estate
- Cannot copy or redistribute listing information



New VOW Policy—the Seller



- Seller can opt out of ANY internet listing, but not just VOW (so no realtor.com, broker site, etc.)
- Seller can opt out of user provided content
- Seller can opt out of automated valuation features

KEY CHANGE

No more broker or agent opt outs from VOW or internet, only the seller can do it and must be for all internet display

What the MLS is Required to Offer

- A persistent feed of all non-confidential listing data
- Confidential means only the data which participants cannot give out by other means
- AVP must be treated the same as a participant



MLS Options



- MLS need not provide expired, withdrawn, or pending listings (unless bricks and mortar broker can)
- Need not provide sold data (unless available from public record—it is in both Carolinas)
- No compensation offered, listing agreement, seller contact information UNLESS non-VOW participants can make these available to consumers
- Pass on reasonably estimated actual costs

MLS Changes



- New data fields
 - Internet y/n
 - User generated content y/n
 - Automated valuation y/n
 - Address y/n
- Update all listings
- Update requirements for terms of use

MLS Changes-Cont.

- Adopt new VOW rules, probably with little chance to review/change
- AVP operators must get "due process" another disciplinary process
- Increased enforcement



Discussion Points



- What will all this cost? \$\$ and staff time.
- Will there be a huge proliferation of AVP users?
- How to enforce broker/consumer relationship, terms of use etc.
- Number of data feeds—any problem?

General Discussion/Questions





- What do you think?
- Questions for us

Thank You!

Bob Hull and Marc Manos

Bhull@nexsenpruet.com mmanos@nexsenpruet.com

(704) 338-5335/(803) 253-8275 NEXSEN PRUET, LLC